

**Steamboat Departures.**  
Steamer Blue Wing No. 3 leaves every Tuesday and Friday at 8 A. M. for Louisville.  
Steamer Wren leaves every Saturday at 12 M. for Cincinnati.

**Arrival and Departure of Trains.**

FRANKFORT AND LOUISVILLE.

On and after May 14th, 1871, trains will leave Frankfort daily (Sundays excepted) as follows:

For Louisville..... 7:43 A. M. 3:35 P. M.  
Arrive at Louisville..... 11:50 A. M. 6:35 P. M.  
Leave Louisville..... 2:50 P. M. 9:40 A. M.  
Arrive at Frankfort..... 7:50 P. M. 2:25 A. M.

**Stage Departures.**

Harrodsburg and Danville, (Daily)..... 7:30 A. M.  
Shelbyville, (Daily)..... 7:30 A. M.  
Georgetown and Paris, (Tri-Weekly)..... 10:30 A. M.  
On at Capital Hotel.

**Time for Closing the Mails.**

First Louisville and Western mail closes at..... 6:30 A. M.  
First Lexington, Cincinnati, and East-ern mail closes at..... 8:45 A. M.  
Second Louisville and Western mail closes at..... 2:45 P. M.  
Second Lexington, Cincinnati, and East-ern mail closes at..... 4:45 P. M.  
Third Louisville and Western mail closes at..... 9:00 A. M.  
Midway, Versailles, and Georgetown mail closes at..... 3:45 A. M.  
Bridgeport and Clay Village mail closes at..... 5:00 A. M.  
Parks of Lexington, Great Cross, and..... 9:00 A. M.  
White Sulphur mail closes at..... 10:30 A. M.  
Office open from 7 o'clock A. M. to 6:30 P. M.  
JAMES G. HATCHETT, P. M.

**TRIENNIAL GENERAL CONVENTION OF THE PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH OF THE UNITED STATES.**

The Triennial General Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church of the United States will commence its session in Baltimore, on Wednesday, October 4th. In a sermon preached in Baltimore on Sunday, Rev. George A. Leake, rector of Trinity Church, spoke at length of the character and objects of the Triennial Convention. After some preliminary remarks, Mr. Leake said that from the time when the service of the Church of England was used, in 1578, at Baltimore Bay, and in 1697, at Kennebunk, Maine, and at Jamestown, Virginia, the same year, there was no general convention in this country, there being no diocesan bishops, and the colonial churches depending on the authority of the Bishop of London. Means were, however, taken towards the consecration of Bishop Seabury, in Scotland, in 1784, Bishops White and Provost in 1787, and Bishop Madison in 1790, and these four united in the consecration of Bishop Claggett, of Maryland, in 1792. The first general convention was in 1789, when our present prayer book was ratified by the bishops, clergy, and laity, to be used from and after October 1, 1790. It consists now of thirty-nine consecrated dioceses under the care of bishops using the same liturgy and yielding obedience to the canons enacted by the general conference. The body which meets triennially is composed of the house of bishops, which consists of all the diocesan and missionary bishops in the American Church, and of the house of clerical and lay delegates, consisting of four clergymen and four laymen from each diocese. It legislates for the American Church within the limits of the United States, but can make alterations in the constitution, liturgy, or officers, unless the same has been adopted in one convention, submitted to all the dioceses, and afterwards adopted in another convention. The president bishop is the Right Rev. Bishop Smith of Kentucky (ex officio from his seniority). The president of the lower house is elected at each triennial convention. The number of bishops is 52, and of clerical and lay delegates 312. Besides the general convention there will be meetings of the domestic and foreign committees and societies for the increase of the ministry and the diffusion of the prayer book. Besides the American bishops, the Church has the satisfaction of welcoming the Lord Bishop of Litchfield (Selwyn), England, and probably one or more bishops from the Dominion of Canada.

The session begins on Wednesday, October 4, and after the general opening services, the two houses will assemble in Grace Church Chapel, and the lower house of clerical and lay delegates in Emanuel Church. The session continues about three weeks. The deliberations of the house of bishops are not open to the public. After this brief description of the general convention, Mr. Leake went on to consider the progress made since 1789. Although the first service was in these colonies in 1697, the number of clergy at the time of the American Revolution did not exceed 200, and this number was greatly decreased by the war—many of the clergy retaining their loyalty and emigrating to the Northern British provinces, so that, to human vision, the American branch of the Church of England was extinct. Indeed, at a much later period, Bishop Meade was told by Judge Marshall that there was no use in trying to revive the Episcopal Church in Virginia. In 1789, a single room could easily hold the first general convention; but now, in eighty-two years, the Church extends from Eastport, Maine, to San Francisco, and from Oregon to St. Augustine, numbering 2,695 parishes, and 2,838 clergymen. The baptisms during last year were, 36,482; confirmations, 22,115; Sunday school teachers, 23,031; and scholars, 292,720. The contributions were, \$5,092,720.

**Relative Rank of Cities.**

The cities of New York, Philadelphia, and Brooklyn maintain the same relative rank as to population that they did in 1800. There has been considerable shifting of places, however, among those that now constitute the remainder of the twenty foremost cities of the Union: During the last decade St. Louis has ascended the scale from the eighth to the fourth. Chicago, in a similar proportion, changes from the ninth to the fifth. Baltimore, which in 1800 was the fourth, retrogrades to the sixth. Boston pursues the same direction, from the fifth to the seventh. Cincinnati retires a step from the seventh to the eighth. New Orleans falls back from the sixth to the ninth. San Francisco, taking a noble forward leap, vaults from the fifteenth to the tenth. Buffalo lags behind from the tenth to the eleventh. Washington makes astride from the fourteenth to the twelfth. Newark, New Jersey's thriving metropolis, drops, nevertheless, from the eleventh to the thirteenth. Louisville, twelfth in rank in 1800, is now assigned to the fourteenth. Cleveland, four steps forward, mounts from the nineteenth to the fifteenth. Pittsburgh alone retains the same relative rank now as then, the sixteenth. Jersey City rises from the twentieth to the importance of the seventeenth. Detroit recedes from the seventeenth to the eighteenth. Milwaukee from the eighteenth to the nineteenth. Albany, which, ten years ago, the thirtieth, now takes the old place of Jersey City, as the twentieth.

The Memphis and Charleston Railroad has purchased the Winchester and Alabama, McMinnville and Manchester, and Southwestern Railroads.

General Robert E. Lee.

The example of the late General Lee, in refusing all gifts, and declining to receive compensation for services not rendered, is worth more to his country and to all who follow it, than millions in gold. The facts here stated will not be forgotten:

In the winter of 1864, the city council of Richmond, tendered General Lee an elegant mansion as some small token of the high estimation in which he was held by the city which he had so long defended. But the grand old man replied: "I do not expect to be in Richmond during the continuance of the war, and my family are as comfortable as they have a right to expect to be in these times. I must, therefore, with my thanks for your consideration, most respectfully decline your offer. If you have money to give, I hope you will bestow it upon private soldiers, who are more in need and more deserving than myself."

After the close of the war, offers of pecuniary assistance poured in upon him from all sides, but he steadfastly refused to receive them. An English nobleman, thinking he would rejoice in some place of retreat from his afflictions, wrote to offer him a splendid country seat and a handsome annuity. He nobly replied: "I am deeply grateful, but I cannot consent to desert my native State in the dark hour of her adversity. I must abide her fortune and share her fate."

Soon after he took charge of Washington College he was visited by the agent of an insurance company, who offered him the presidency at a salary of ten thousand dollars. He told the agent that he could not properly attend to both. "But, General," said the agent, "we do not want you to discharge any duties. We simply wish the use of your name. That will abundantly compensate us."

"Excuse me, sir," was the prompt and decided rejoinder. "I cannot consent to receive pay for services I do not render."

He received many offers of this sort, and just a short time before his death, a large manufacturing company in New York offered him a salary of fifty thousand dollars a year if he would become their president. But to all such offers he had the same reply—"his duty in the college fully occupied his time, and he would not receive pay where he did not render service."

He refused to receive from the college anything like so large a salary as they desired to pay him, and when, in 1865, the trustees decreed to Mrs. Lee a house and annuity of three thousand dollars, the General respectfully declined, on Mrs. Lee's behalf, to accept it. He declined all gratuities, and though a loving people, for whom he had toiled so heroically, would most joyously have settled on him a handsome property, he preferred to earn his daily bread by his personal exertions, and to set his people an example of honest industry.

**REMARKABLE LONGEVITY IN A FAMILY.**—A gentleman in this city received a letter yesterday from a brother seventy-six years of age, himself being seventy-eight. He states that of his family, originally fifteen in number, five are yet living, whose ages are seventy-four, seventy-six, seventy-eight, eighty and eighty-five, averaging seventy-nine years, altogether three hundred and ninety-three years.

A correspondent of the Eastern (Pa.) Argus, who has just visited Monticello, the home of Thomas Jefferson, says: "The mansion is nothing but a heap of ruins. It is a disgrace to the nation that the home of the author of the Declaration of Independence should be permitted thus to rot and tumble into decay. The stone over Mr. Jefferson's grave is a ruin like the house, relic-buffers having chipped into it until the very shape of the original obelisk is destroyed."

A singular accident happened at Grace church, New Haven, on a recent evening. Soon after the service began the gas nearly went out. The rector, the Rev. Mr. Leek, asked the congregation to keep quiet, and having propped a light he proceeded with the service. Suddenly, as he was reading the words "The Lord shall light my candle, he shall cast my darkness away," the gas resumed its usual flow, again lighting up the night.

**BLANCHING CELERY.**—The time is now at hand to begin putting up celery. A good deal of care is required to keep the earth outside the head, and in order to do this, the leaves and stems should be caught in one hand while the earth is pulled up with the other around the plant. After the dirt has been packed around the plant, the hoe or spade may be used to pile up the earth to a level with that about the stalks. The earthing up of celery should be repeated every two weeks from this time until November. After that the tops of the plants and ridges should be covered with straw or cornstalks, to protect against freezing.

A gentleman traveling on a steamer one day, at dinner was making away with a large pudding close by, when he was told by the servant that it was dessert. "It matters not to me," he said, "I would eat it if it were a wilderness."

**MISCELLANEOUS.**

**NEW GROCERY.**

**L. W. GLORE,**

HAVING bought out John W. Bartlett, has filled his store with a large and well-selected assortment of

**Family Groceries,**

which he will sell at very low figures for cash.

In addition to his Grocery Stock, he will keep a full supply of

Baker's Bread, Confectionaries, Nuts, Fruits

&c. Also Fresh Meats, Fowls, and Vegetables of all kinds.

**CLOVER AND TIMOTHY SEED!**

25 BAGS CLOVER SEED.

10 BAGS TIMOTHY SEED.

Just received per Dove No. 2, and for sale low

terms on commission by

**B. MACKLIN.**

**Grate Setting & Hearth Laying.**

**RICHARD M. GOSNEY**

OFFERS his services to the citizens of Frankfort and vicinity, to do any kind of brick laying, grate setting, hearth laying, or repairing. dec-15

**DWELLING HOUSE**

**FOR SALE.**

I WISH TO SELL THAT LARGE AND DESIRABLE dwelling now occupied by my father, Mr. Hubbard T. Taylor, and known as the property formerly owned by Mrs. Catherine Johnson. It is one of the most desirable residences in Frankfort.

For price and terms (which will be reasonable) address me through box 153, Frankfort.

**COLEBY H. TAYLOR.**

**Blank Books of every kind for sale at Helms' old stand.**

"THE PRICE OF LIBERTY IS ETERNAL VIGILANCE."

FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1871.

NO. 156.

**MISCELLANEOUS.**

**COAL! COAL!**



**BLACK & CHINN,**

AT THEIR OLD STAND, HAVE NOW A FULL

supply of

**KENTUCKY RIVER,**

**CAMPBELL'S CREEK,**

**PEYTONA, CANNEL, AND**

**PITTSBURG COALS,**

That they are selling at the very lowest market rates.

**NOTICE.**

VISITORS ARE ONLY RECEIVED AT THE

Institution for Feeble-Minded Children, on

**THURSDAY EVENINGS,**

Between the hours of 2 and 4 o'clock, P. M.

Parents and Guardians having Children in the Institution, and Members of the Legislature are not included in this notice.

**E. H. BLACK,**

Superintendent.

**Rye Wanted.**

WANTED TO PURCHASE A FEW THOUSAND Bushels of Good Rye, for which the highest price will be paid by

**G. B. MACKLIN.**

**DANIEL BOONE DISTILLERY,**

**Frankfort, Ky.**

**LEWIS CASTLEMAN, - - - Proprietor**

**KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND COP**

**PER WHISKY of his own manufacture,**

from two years old down, which he offers for sale to the trade on reasonable terms for cash.

**SODA WATER**

FROM

**FIRST CLASS APPARATUS,**

**Cream & Fruit Syrups,**

AT

**AVERILL'S DRUG STORE.**

The Presence and Patronage of the

Ladies is particularly solicited.

**A. G. BRAWNER**

**Contractor and Builder**

**FRANKFORT, KY.**

Will contract for furnishing, making, and laying brick, curbing, paving, &c. Orders solicited from this and the adjoining counties.

**PIANOS! PIANOS!!**

**MRS. JANE BUTLER.**

OF THIS CITY, HAS SECURED THE AGENCY

FOR HINZEN & ROSEN'S celebrated make of

Pianos, which took the premium at the Louisville

Fair, and is prepared to furnish the same

Pianos, together with stool and cover, all delivered

for what the purchaser from any other source would

have to pay for the same only. This instrument is highly

recommended by all Professors of Music.

She refers to the following persons, citizens of

Frankfort: Captain Sanders, Messrs H. H. Murray,

A. B. Roddall, A. J. Roddall, J. C. Graham, J. W. Barlett, Mrs. Frankfort, Frankfort Public

School, and Otto Von Bories.

**S. V. PENCE,**

ON THE FRANKFORT AND PLAT CREEK

TURNPIKE ROAD, four miles from Frankfort,

has just completed his

**New Saw Mill,**

and takes this method of informing the community

at large that he is prepared to fill all orders. Particular

attention is paid to long and heavy material for

Bridges, Warehouses, Railroads, and solicits an

equal patronage of Short Lumber. Laths can be

furnished in all quantities. All done at short

notice and at the lowest price.

**FRANKLIN COUNTY LAND**

**FOR SALE.**

DESIRING TO CHANGE LOCATION, I WILL

sell the land on which I now reside, situated on

Kentucky river, 24 miles from Frankfort, 14 miles

from Frankfort and Lawrenceburg Turnpike Road, supposed to contain

**225 ACRES,**

100 acres cleared, the balance in wood land and

grass; comfortable house containing five rooms, and

a hall, stables, smoke and ice house, and other necessary out-buildings with small orchard and other fruit. Terms easy. Address

**J. T. DICKINSON,**

Farmlands Post-office, Franklin county, Ky.

**VALUABLE PROPERTY**

**FOR SALE.**

A TWO-STORY BRICK RESIDENCE OF 12

ROOMS, on Market and Wilkinson Streets, and

adjoining the residence a store room 30 by 20, and two stories high, with a two-story stable attached. Enquire of

**R. A. BRAWNER,**

THOS. MAHONEY, HARRIS H. JOHNSTON

**LOUISVILLE ADVERTISEMENTS.**

**WILLIAM CROMLEY,**

**PAPER DEALER,**

And Agent for the sale

**GUNPOWDER,**

Manufactured by the

**ORIENTAL & MIAMI POWDER CO'S,**

280 Main street, between Seventh and Eighth,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

**CASH PAID FOR RAGS**

A full supply of Sporting, Rifle, and Blasting

Powder, and Patent Safety Fuse always on hand.

**U. S. HOTEL,**

**LOUISVILLE, KY,**

**BURTON & STOCKTON, Proprietors.**

This Hotel is being

**REFITTED & FURNISHED.**

**WHITE & COCHRANE,**

**WHOLESALE DEALERS IN**

**BOOTS & SHOES,**

NO. 214 (OLD NO. 608) MAIN STREET.

**LOUISVILLE, KY.**

Goods at Eastern manufacturers' prices, for

**WHOLESALE AND RETAIL**

**Hardware House.**

**WM. DAVIS,**

**MAJOR HALL BUILDING,**

**FRANKFORT, KY.**

**30,000 lbs Iron, Steel, & Nails**

of best brands, bought be-

fore rise, for sale low.

**2,000 lbs. celebrated Phoenix**

**White Lead, direct from**

**factory, commonly called**

**"Eagle."**

**30 bbls. assorted Oils and**

**Painters' material. Paints**

**mixed to order.**

**2,500 lbs. dry Paints and**

**Colors in Oil, &c.**

**7 bbls. New Jersey Varnishes,**

**A No. 1.**

**Stock of Paint and other**

**Brushes.**

**150 bbls. Lime, Cement,**

**Plaster Paris, and White**

**Sand.**

**100 bushels Canadian Hair.**

**10,000 Bolts Wall Paper.**

**New Philadelphia Styles.**

**I trim same, free of cost,**

**ready to hang.**

**100 boxes 1st quality New**

**Albany Window-Glass, single,**

**double, and triple.**

**All sizes furnished and cut**

**any shape [free].**

**Looking-Glasses and Plates,**

**all at low rates.**

**Sash, Doors, and Shutters, a**

**full assortment.**

**Agent for the Etna Reaping**

**and Mowing Machines,**







SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1871.

**Col. S. B. Churchell**—Colonel S. B. Churchell, late Secretary of State, left Frankfort on Thursday last to take up his permanent residence in Louisville. For six or eight years he has been a citizen in our midst, and has attached to him many warm friends, who part with him with regret. During four years he discharged the duties of Secretary of State with marked ability and fidelity to his trust, investing the office with a new dignity by his easy grace and courteous manners, of which all who have been brought in contact have felt the pleasing influence. Congratulating Louisville upon the acquisition of such a citizen, and regretting his departure from among us, we but express the unanimous feeling of our community in wishing him every happiness in his new home.

**POLICE COURT.**—Francis Garrard, Alice Johnson, Jinny Thomas, Martha Herndon, and America Scott, all colored, were before Judge Major yesterday, charged with fighting and disturbing the quiet of the city. The first four were fined fifteen dollars and sentenced to fifteen days' confinement in jail each. America Scott was sentenced to fifteen days in jail. The trial was by a jury. Five more trifling characters could not be found. They have no homes, do not work, are impudent and obscene, and are constantly on the streets day and night. They were arrested at nine o'clock at noon on Main street, near the pump, one of the most public thoroughfares in the city. Many others, both male and female, who are public nuisances, should and would be punished if the authorities had any means of punishment. All the punishment that can be inflicted now is by confinement, and their subsistence is at the expense of the city treasury. Cannot the city officials, in conjunction with the county court, give us a work-house?

**A Deputy United States Marshal**, with warrants for the arrest of six persons, charged with participating in the hanging of two negro men, taken from the jail on the night of the August election, arrived in the city Thursday night. On yesterday, two of six were arrested, and went to Louisville on the afternoon train. A number of witnesses were also summoned, and an examination is expected to be held in Louisville to-day before a United States Commissioner.

**The Court of Appeals** yesterday was occupied with the case of Kinney vs. Hayman and others, from the Covington circuit. The attorneys for the appellants are Stevenson & Myers and J. R. Hallam, Esq.; and for the appellees, Hon. J. G. Carlisle, M. M. Benton, Esq., and F. M. Webster, Esq. The case was argued yesterday by Mr. Webster and Mr. Myers—the argument of the latter not being concluded at the hour of adjournment. Mr. Benton will follow Mr. Myers, and Gov. Stevenson will make the concluding argument probably on Monday.

**Dr. Jas. Rohman**, superintendent of the Western Lunatic Asylum, at Hot Springs, was in the city on Thursday, and paid us the compliment of a call. He returned home yesterday, and we regret the shortness of his stay, as we should have been glad to reciprocate some of the courtesies shown us when in Hopkinsville in June.

**We learn** that Mr. John B. Dunham, who has had charge of the Southern Atlantic and Pacific telegraph office, in this city, has been temporarily assigned to the office of the same company in Lexington. We commend him to the citizens of Lexington as a courteous and efficient operator, ever ready to serve them. The office here will be under the charge of Thomas Petrie, Esq.

**The President of the United States** will be in Covington to-day, on a visit to his father. The citizens, irrespective of party, will extend to him a public reception.

**COUNTY COMMITTEE.**—The Executive Democratic Committee of Franklin county will meet at the office of county judge this afternoon, at three o'clock.

**KNIGHTS TEMPLAR.**—Five thousand four hundred and thirty Knights Templar marched in the grand procession at Baltimore, on Thursday. There were thirty-one bands of music in the line. It was one of the finest displays ever seen in that city.

**Col. A. W. Dalley**, of this city, has resigned the position of treasurer of the Kentucky Christian Educational Society. The vacancy has been filled by the appointment of Mr. J. B. Wallace, of Lexington.

**The Kentucky annual conference of the M. E. Church, South**, will meet in Paris on Wednesday, September 27th, 1871, at 9 o'clock A. M. Bishop W. M. Wightman, of South Carolina, will preside.

**Most of the principal railroads** in the country, and the united line of steamers, will make a reduction of fare to the delegates to the National Commercial Convention at Baltimore.

**The stage line between Mt. Sterling and Maysville** has been discontinued. The stages now run to Carlisle, the present terminus of the Maysville and Paris railroad.

**Wm. Hamdon**, assistant assessor at Irvine, Ky., has written a letter in which he states that the government imposes no tax on "cane mills," or the "molasses" made thereon, in any shape whatever.

**MARKETS.**—The receipts of cattle in Covington during the past week amounted to 4,670 head. Steaks and roasts did not decline, although they continue to go down.

**The annual fair of the Campbell County Agricultural Association** commences on Tuesday, September 26th, at Alexandria.

**The fall term of the Henry county circuit court** will commence on Monday.

**The last issue of the Owen News** ended the second volume of that paper.

**NEW YORK LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.**—Assets \$17,000,000—Received from Jas. G. Hatchitt, agent of the New York Life Insurance Company, three thousand dollars, in full for all claims and demands under policy 72,366, on the life of Frederick Keane, deceased. F. KEANE.

**Frankfort, Ky., Sept. 21, 1871.**

**General Joseph E. Johnston** is named by "Many Citizens" in the Savannah Advertiser and Republican, as a suitable candidate for mayor of that city.

## THE PENITENTIARY.

One of the prominent objects of interest to all strangers or visitors in Frankfort is the penitentiary. Almost every one who comes here for the first time, or who visits the city after an interval of absence, seems impelled by curiosity to go to the prison and explore its mysteries. A few go to inspect the practical working of our system, as compared with that of other States, and to gather statistics. Others have, as the exciting cause, the desire to purchase some of the wares manufactured there; a few to see friends within its walls; but the majority merely to satisfy that kind of curiosity which delights to look upon the novel in any shape in which it may be presented.

To those who dwell within view of its walls, and who have once satisfied this curiosity, the penitentiary is not an inviting place to visit. The sight of one's fellow-creatures thus degraded and made to wear the badge of degradation, and to labor in the service of the State as a penalty for crime, is not a pleasing spectacle to contemplate, when once the novelty of their various occupations has worn off. There is something about the look of the convicts—an all-pervading sameness of expression, taking hue, as it were, from the uniformity of their prison garb, which repels rather than invites inspection.

This feeling has so far controlled us, that it is very rare that we visit the prison, and then only for a specific purpose. With a view to see how it was progressing under the new management, we went there a day or two ago and were very politely shown through by the lessee, Colonel Jere W. South. Before entering the walls, we were attracted by the progress of the new ware-houses in course of erection by the State on the lot opposite the northwest corner of the prison square. These will comprise a building near one hundred feet square of brick, and three stories in height, with four store-rooms on the lower floor, and corresponding ones on the upper ones. The front on the first story is iron, and the whole which is being constructed by Col. South under contract, promises to be a substantial and well built structure. One half of the whole building is under roof, and the remainder is being rapidly advanced. When completed it will supply a want long felt by the prison in a suitable building for the storage of hemp and products of prison labor, for which there is no provision within the walls, and which the late lessee had to supply by the erection, at his own expense, of a similar building.

Passing into the prison yard, we visited in turn the various manufactories, and found all hands busy at their various trades. The chair department is one of the most interesting, and we could not but be struck anew with the excellence of the work which has given the chairs of the prison make such a wide reputation. We were particularly pleased with a set of chairs made for exhibition at the Cincinnati Industrial Exposition, which, for beauty of material and superior workmanship, it would be difficult to excel. The prevailing style made in the Penitentiary split-bottom chair for dining-rooms, and rocking and arm chairs of different sizes. The hemp department we found very active, and working its full complement of hands, several hundred being engaged in hocking and spinning hemp and weaving bagging. The quality of this bagging, which is used for baling cotton, has a well earned reputation all over the South being made on hand-loom with great care, and of full weight, and is eagerly sought for in preference to the lighter machine-made. The reason is obvious; for in buying bagging at twenty cents per yard, which weighs two pounds to the yard, if the cotton sells at twenty cents per pound, the planter gets the same price per pound for the bagging, and hence, while thick heavy bagging better protects the cotton from damage, it becomes an actual profit to the planter at the present relative prices of that and cotton. We learned all this from having planted cotton once, and know that now as then, all things being equal, the planter prefers the Penitentiary bagging for this reason. Formerly, Kentucky bagging was made very light and flimsy, and was nearly run out of the market by the heavier imported India bagging, until the secret of the preference was discovered and the weight of Kentucky bagging increased. From the bagging department we went to the hospital, and there found everything in the neatest possible condition, inspecting everything, even to the kitchen, where savory and inviting food was in course of preparation for the few sick on hand. The only adverse criticism to which we thought the building amenable, was in point of ventilation. One side of the building is against the dead wall of the cell-house, and has, of course, no lights or ventilation in that direction, while another side opens upon a confined court yard of the female prison, the privies of which, as well as the main prison vaults on the other side, are so near as necessarily to have a deleterious effect upon the healthfulness of the place. This is a matter beyond the remedy of the lessee, but one which the Board of Visitors should make note of, for correction as early as possible.

We have not space for further details of matters of interest which came under our inspection, of which the tobacco factory of Mr. Wm. McLaughlin was specially interesting, and will only add, that everything which we saw indicated good management and careful attention, Col. South having in his partners, Gen. H. B. Lyon and Sam. South, most practical and valuable assistants, who devote their whole time to the supervision of the establishment.

Passing out to the office, we procured from Mr. James L. Speed, clerk to the prison, the following statistics showing the number of prisoners on hand and the changes since Col. South succeeded to the management:

**Convicts in Kentucky Penitentiary on 2d March, 1871.**

Received since 2d March, 1871.	616
Discharged by expiration of sentence.	145
Executive pardons.	51
Deaths.	17
Escapes.	5
Total.	218

**Total in confinement Sep. 19th.**

White males.	311
White females.	4
Black males.	227
Black females.	29
Total.	571

**THE DEMOCRATIC PRECINCT MEETINGS IN OWEN COUNTY.**—The Democratic County Committee, says the News, recommend that all the Democracy of Owen county meet in their several precincts on the last Saturday in September, and appoint delegates to the convention to meet at Liberty Station, October 5th, to nominate a candidate for circuit judge.

**The tobacco farmers in Connecticut** are harvesting their tobacco crop. The crop of this year is said to be enormous. Few, if any, preceding years, says the Hartford Times, have produced crops to surpass it in the weight of leaf. It is also believed that its quality will be equally superior.

**A case of "mysterious loss of hearing"** is recorded in the Lebanon Standard, as follows: "Mr. Palestine Brownfield, who lives beyond Maldrough's Hill, in Taylor county, has recently become almost quite deaf. He says as he was walking along, some weeks ago, he felt something 'drop,' or, apparently, give way, in one of his ears, after which he could no longer hear with it. Not long afterward, precisely the same thing happened to his other ear. Mr. B. is a painter, and it is thought probable that his occupation as such may have something to do with the loss of his hearing."

**There was a suit tried** in the Kenton circuit court on Wednesday, of B. Hagadorn a saloon-keeper, against Patrick Sullivan on an account for beer, tobacco, &c. Among the items charged in the account are 53 glasses of beer on one day, and 59 on another, and a total of 823 glasses in one month, an average of 27 per day. The court gave judgment for the amount claimed, about \$50.

**The editor of the Big Sandy Herald** has in his possession a copy of a notice warning the public not to trade for notes against the father of George Washington. The document is graced with the signature of the son.

**Two first-class steamboats** are being built for the Ironton and Louisa trade. The Big Sandy Herald predicts that this movement will carry a trade to Ironton which naturally belongs to Catlettsburg.

**The Gayle House Club** will give an entertainment at New Liberty, on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday evenings, during the week of the Owen County Fair.

**Hon. O. D. McManama**, who is a candidate for circuit judge, addressed the people of Owen county on Monday last, county court day.

**PROMPT PAYMENT.**—It will be seen by a card from Mrs. Keane, that the New York Life Insurance Company, has promptly paid the policy on the life of her husband.

**In anticipation of the early completion** of the railroad to Carlisle, the Mercury calls for a mass meeting to arrange for the formal reception of the first excursion.

**A court marshal** is now sitting at the barracks in Paducah to examine charges against several officers and men of the United States troops stationed at that place.

**City bonds of Louisville** to the amount of \$300,000 have recently been purchased by the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company.

**Company I of the 7th U. S. Cavalry**, recently stationed at Bagdad, will quarter for the winter at Shelbyville.

**Monday is court day** at Versailles. The Woodford Weekly says a big crowd is expected in town.

**The fine farm of the late W. M. Todd**, in Woodford county, will be sold at public sale on Tuesday next.

**The Valley Mills are in full operation.** Flour, grain, and mill feed always on hand. See advertisement elsewhere.

**Two cases of cholera** have made their appearance at Perth Amboy, N. J., among emigrants who have recently arrived.

**The weather, after two days' temperature of a northern nature, moderated yesterday.**

**Frost.**—There was a light frost on yesterday morning, but not enough to do any damage to the crops.

**Capt. Harry I. Todd** has returned home from a visit eastward, looking improved by the trip.

**Col. W. C. P. Breckinridge** was in the city yesterday in attendance upon the Court of Appeals.

**Ten men were buried** by the caving in of a sewer in Indianapolis, on Wednesday, eight of whom were killed.

**Prof. Porter** will be inaugurated president of Yale College October 11.

**The fall term of the Shelby circuit court** will commence on Monday.

**The Marion county jail** is without an inmate.

**The board of directors of the Farmers' and Traders' Bank** have organized by the election of J. D. Guthrie, Esq., president; Judge J. L. Caldwell, cashier, and J. T. Middleton, Esq., clerk. The bank, we are informed, will commence business on the 20th proximo. Success to it—it is another evidence of the enterprise of our growing town and county.

Shelby Sentinel.

## LEXINGTON FAIR—SECOND DAY.

A LARGE ATTENDANCE.

With a bright and cheerful morning the expectation was that the attendance at the fair would be large, which expectation was justified by the event. Lulling clouds and chilling winds are fatal to the success of a fair, while sunshine is its life. The sun shone down gloriously yesterday, while the bracing atmosphere caused the blood to go tingling through the veins, and elevated the spirits to the point of enjoying the enlivening scene, which every well-conducted and well-patronized fair affords.

The principal feature of the day was the large number of ladies who came to grace the scene with their presence. It is needless to say that they and their ever attentive beaux kept up a continual buzz of conversation, that was far finer music to our ears than that discoursed with so much vim by Saxton's band, perched in a little nest in the center of the amphitheater.

## THE SITUATION OF THE GROUNDS.

Is delightful, being about a mile and a half from the city, and within the field enclosed by the race track. This place was selected, the better to test the speed of the fast trotters which are to be exhibited towards the end of the week. The fastest time made at the Louisville fair was 2:56, but it is expected that this will be beaten here.

## THE PREMIUMS AND THE STOCK.

Were numerous, and the rings well contested. The show of blooded stock was particularly fine. That splendid stallion, "Paris," who carried the prize at the Paris fair, was beaten here by A. K. Richards' celebrated stallion, "War Dance," whose sons have achieved renown on the turf.

The premium for fine mares was bestowed on Saucelox, owned by Thomas Patterson, Esq. She is a bright sorrel, and does not look at all hurt by her recent victory on the Lexington course. Perhaps there is no place in the whole country; no fair, where such magnificent thoroughbred stock of every description is shown as at the Lexington fair.

It is useless for poor, indifferent scrubs to put in an appearance. The man who cannot show a fine animal to take his place among fine ones has no chance for premium or certificate, no matter what the ring.

The accommodations on the ground are most complete, leaving nothing necessary for comfort to be desired, and the hospitality of our citizens has not, as far as we have heard, been called in question.

Notwithstanding the inauspicious opening day, the Lexington fair, so far, proves a gratifying success.—Lex. Press.

## About Feathers and Pistols.

We often read marvelous fish stories; of wonderful serpents; narrow escapes from violent death; recovery from horrid wounds; lives saved by watch-cases and hymn-books; bullets passing through hats and carrying off a small portion of the capillary growth; we often read of these stories, but we never, until yesterday, heard of feathers saving a human life. Our desperate reporter yesterday dropped into the office of Dr. Hundley, on Jefferson street, between Floyd and Preston, and in the course of conversation saw a small bottle filled with feathers, and being naturally and professionally curious, asked why the doctor preserved the feathers so carefully. This brought out the story of the

**FEATHERS SAVING A HUMAN LIFE.** In 1854, a man named L. B. Proctor filled the office of gate-keeper at the first toll-gate on the river road, above the cut-off. Proctor delighted in noontime naps, and, one warm day, entered his room, pulled off his coat and threw it upon the floor, at the same time throwing himself on a sofa, at the head of which was a feather pillow. In this act there was nothing peculiarly startling or wonderful, but what followed was quite startling enough to satisfy Proctor.

The chamber in a Colt's pistol in the pocket of the striped coat was discharged when the coat struck the floor, and the ball passed through the pillow on which Proctor's neck had just been laid. The ball did not rest in the feathers as any well disposed ball would naturally be inclined to do, but passed on up Proctor's right cheek, and then, taking an upward shoot, came to a stop near the temple. Dr. Hundley was called; he proceeded to probe the wound after the manner of all surgeons looking for an object to grapple, and, to his surprise, pulled out a feather. If he had stopped here our story would never have been written, and Proctor would, long ere this, have made a comfortable meal for any number of cheerful worms. But the doctor continued to extract feathers until he counted nearly one hundred, and finally brought out the bullet actually embedded in bloody feathers. The bullet had carried the feathers with it in its hasty passage, and the quantity conveyed into the wound prevented the further progress of the missile. The doctor still keeps the bullet and the feathers, and Proctor still carries a sore head.—Louisville Commercial.

**EXTENSIVELY TRAVELED WRAPPER.**—We have before us a newspaper wrapper which has made eight voyages across the Atlantic. The wrapper was originally sent from Winchester, Ky., containing a newspaper from our artist friend, Robert Moore, to a friend in Hull, England, who in return sent a paper, using the same wrapper, and in this way it has traveled backward and forward the number of times mentioned. The route traveled is as follows:

From Winchester to New York.	850 miles
From New York to Liverpool.	3,400 miles
From Liverpool to Hull, England.	120 miles
Total (approximate) Winchester to Hull.	4,370 miles
Miles traveled.	34,960

Or say 35,000 (about) which we think is within the mark, making the distance traveled 10,000 miles more than the circumference of our globe. The wrapper will start on another trip over the briny deep this week, covering a Paris True Kentuckian.—Paris Kentuckian.

**The Macon Telegraph and Messenger of the 19th says:** "Among the arrangements on the fair grounds this fall will be spacious horse and mule lots, where drivers can freely display their stock during the fair, and sell it, too. We suppose there will be a large supply of Kentucky and Tennessee stock on the ground. Secretary Lewis says the entries for the State Fair are more numerous this early than they have ever been before. Among them there will be a heavy competition between leading breeders in Georgia, Savannah and Atlanta will be hard after each other. Sharp and Hamilton are going to see which can be the more gorgeous."

**SHREVE RAILROAD.**—In an interview with the president of the above road, F. Neel, Esq., we learned that the company has purchased an outfit of rolling stock to the amount of \$25,000, consisting of a new locomotive, which will be put on the road next week, passenger and freight cars, by which the company expect to reduce the operating expenses of the road at least \$7,500 per annum. The president hopes that in a very short time he will be able to make the road self-sustaining.

Shelby Sentinel.

**At the annual convention of the diocese of Tennessee**, held in Chattanooga, last May, the following delegate were appointed to attend the triennial convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church, which meets in Baltimore the 4th proximo: Rev. Dr. J. T. Wheat, Memphis; Rev. John M. Schwarz, Nashville; Rev. Dr. J. A. Harrison, Jackson; Rev. James Carmichael, Memphis; Mr. Francis B. Fogg and Mr. James B. Craighead, Nashville; Mr. George B. Fairbank, Sewanee; Mr. John F. Jett, Mason's Depot.

**COOKED OWL.**—A young friend of ours, who is quite an epicure, tells us that he feasted on cooked owl with a country friend a short time since, and found the great enemy of poultry to be delicious and tender. He is understanding the old phrase—"Hough as a boiled owl."

Paris Kentuckian.

## SPECIAL NOTICES.

## DOOR-KEEPER OF THE HOUSE.

We are authorized to announce M. H. P. WILLIAMS as a candidate for Door-keeper of the House of Representatives, Sep14-td

## CIRCUIT JUDGE.

We are authorized to announce Judge GEORGE C. DRANE as a candidate for Circuit Judge of this, the 11th Judicial District, subject to the decision of a Democratic Convention.

All the papers in the district are requested to copy and send bills to George C. Drane. Sep12-td

We are authorized to announce P. U. MAJOR as a candidate for Circuit Judge of this, the 11th Judicial District, subject to the decision of a Democratic Convention.

All the papers in the district are requested to copy, and send bills to P. U. Major. Sep12-td

We are authorized to announce O. D. YEMANA, Esq., as a candidate for Circuit Judge of this Judicial District. Sep12-td

## CLERK OF THE SENATE.

We are authorized to announce W. T. SAMUELS as a candidate for election as Clerk of the Senate. Sep15-td

## STATE LIBRARIAN.

We are authorized to announce General George B. Crittenden as a candidate for re-election to the office of State Librarian. Aug31-1f

## ON MARRIAGE.

**ESSAYS FOR YOUNG MEN, ON GREAT SOCIAL EVILS AND ABUSES** which interfere with Marriage, and ruin the happiness of thousands, with a view of relief for the Erring and Unfortunate, diseased and debilitated. Sent in sealed letter, free of charge.

Address: A. D. AND ASSOCIATION, No. 2 South Ninth street, Philadelphia Pa. Sep12-3m

## MISCELLANEOUS.

## COAL! COAL!!

**WE HAVE NOW IN YARD AND FOR SALE** forty thousand Bushels of KENTUCKY, PEYTONA CANNEL, COALBURG, AND Youghioghney Coal!

To which we invite the attention of Dealers and Consumers.

**SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS OFFERED TO Wholesale Buyers.** Yard and Scales near Railroad Depot, Frankfort Ky. MACKLIN & BRAWNER. Sep10-1f.

## ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

**ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO FRANCIS MOSS**, deceased, by note, account or otherwise, are hereby notified that they will be required to pay the same to me by the 10th of October, 1871. And all persons having claims against said Francis Moss, (decd.), are requested to file the same, proven as required by law, before the 10TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1871, for settlement.

JAMES W. CONNER, Adm'r of Francis Moss, deceased. Sep15-2w.

## LUMBER!

**IN ADDITION TO ROUGH LUMBER** of every variety, we have on hand at our Mills, just below the Railroad Bridge, Dressed and Rough Weather-boarding, Dressed Plank, and Yellow Pine and Poplar Flooring, all of which we will sell low for cash.

See 3d & 3m JOHNSTON & MAHONEY. Lexington Advertiser and Gazette copy one month and send bill to advertisers.

J. E. SULLIVAN. J. E. WRIGHT.

## SULLIVAN &amp; WRIGHT, FRANKFORT, KY.

**WILL CONTRACT FOR HOUSE PAINTING,** Graining, Glazing, Paper Hanging, etc., in any portion of the State. The work will be done in the highest style of the art, and satisfaction guaranteed in every instance. July25-2m

## FEEBLE-MINDED INSTITUTE.

**THE COMPLETION OF THE BUILDING** of this Institution will afford accommodation for THIRTY MORE INMATES. This is a State charity, and ample provision is made for the instruction and its inmates. The next session will begin on

**MONDAY, SEPTEMBER FOURTH,** Aug31m

And persons having children entitled to the benefits of the Institution should send them at once. E. H. BLACK, Superintendent.

Paris True Kentuckian. Lexington Weekly Press, Lexington Gazette, Maysville Bulletin, Louisville Ledger, Bowling Green Democrat, Paducah Kentuckian, Owensboro Monitor, Danville Advocate, and Columbia Spiculator copy one month and send bill to E. H. BLACK, Superintendent.

## FOR SALE.

**I WILL SELL OR EXCHANGE FOR REAL** Estate in Frankfort, one sixth interest in the

**FRANKFORT COTTON MILL.** This Mill is in a prosperous condition, and doing a profitable business. W. P. D. BUSH. Aug1-1f

## O. F. C. Hand-Made Sour-Mash Whisky,

For Use of the Family and the Druggist.

**ITS PURITY AND SUPERIORITY** (SO WELL known and appreciated in this community) is specially commended to the above uses. E. H. TAYLOR, Jr. Jan10-1f

## STEPHENS &amp; MANGAN, CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS,

Frankfort, Ky.,

**WILL CONTRACT FOR FURNISHING** and Laying Brick; and have now on hand Three Hundred Thousand Brick, of superior quality, for sale. June 15-1f.

## BERKSHIRE SWINE FOR SALE.

**I AM BREEDING AND HAVE FOR SALE** BERKSHIRE HOGS of all ages, the produce of the best stock this country and Canada can afford. All orders promptly attended to. For particulars address WILLIAM H. BARBEE. Jan10-1f

**BRIEFS** neatly printed at Yeoman Office. Aug17-1m

\$1,000,000!

By authority of a special act of the Legislature of Kentucky of March 13th, 1871, the Trustees of the Public Library of Kentucky will give a

## Grand Gift Concert

AT LOUISVILLE, KY.,

ON TUESDAY, OCTOBER 31ST 1871,

Under the direction of the best Musical Talent,

100,000 TICKETS OF ADMISSION.

\$10 EACH IN CURRENCY;  
HALF TICKETS \$5.00;  
QUARTER TICKETS \$2.50.

Each ticket will consist of four quarters, value \$2.50 each. The holder is entitled to admission to the Concert and to the amount of gift awarded to it or its fraction. Tickets number from 1 to 100,000.

## THE CITIZENS' BANK OF KENTUCKY IS TREASURER.

All Monies arising from the sale of Tickets will be deposited with the Citizens' Bank, subject only to the order of the President and Treasurer of the Library, countersigned by the Business Manager. During the Concert the sum of

## \$550,000 IN GREENBACKS

Will be distributed, by lot, to the holders of tickets, in the following gifts, viz:



## Hints for the Ladies About Dress.

Consult suitability of occasion, and where any doubt of the style of dress exists, avoid over-dressing. A little fault on the other side is preferable to this, as a lady may be more simply costumed than those around her, and appear to greater advantage than if she is more showy in her apparel and ornaments than her companions. Carefully select in shopping the best material you can afford to purchase, rather than the most showy. A dress made of good fabric, if it is only a domestic gingham, will surely be more serviceable than any showy but worthless fabric made for mere effect.

In dressing for a picnic, water-party, croquet meeting, or any out-door gathering, select an attire that will wash. It is well to be provided with a water-proof cloak and hood, easily carried, and even if a little troublesome while the sun shines, invaluable if a shower sudden attacks the pleasure party. Avoid glaring contrasts, in color, material, or value. A real lace shawl will look as badly over a cheap lawn dress as a rich silk will under a coarse linen wrap.

Keep in scrupulous order your gloves, boots, and fine lines or laces. There is no surer proof of a slattern than to see holes in the gloves, soiled collars or cuffs, or ill-fitting shabby boots. If your income will not allow kid gloves and lace collars, wear cotton gloves and linen collars, but let them fit nicely, and he always in exquisitely nice order. Be sure a neat linen collar will more surely mark the lady than a torn or soiled one of expensive lace.

In the selection of stockings, examine the heels. These are generally thin and poor when the hosiery is of an inferior quality. German and English hosiery, especially the latter, will be found most economical in the end, though the first outlay is larger than that for American goods. If you discard flannels in summer, always keep a few in winter to wear early in the fall, and late in the spring, before assuming or rejecting your thicker ones. In a variable climate it is not only uncomfortable, but positively dangerous to take off winter flannels at once, even on the warmest day. Gauze Merino or Angola flannel, is a good temporary substance.

Ready made garments should be examined carefully in all the seams, and especially at the end of the stitching. In selecting boots, the foot will present a better appearance, and the boots will wear much better, if full half an inch longer than the foot. Not only does a boot that is exactly a fit in length wear out soon at the most conspicuous place, but it ruins the shape of the foot, by forcing it to develop in a breadth what is crowded in length. This should be especially remembered in the purchase of children's boots or shoes, as a short boot in childhood will surely make an ugly foot in maturity.

Over dressed children are as attractive as organ men's monkeys. At no time of life is simplicity of attire so beautiful as in childhood or youth.

To see a little woman with an immense breastpin, or a pair of enormous earrings, is simply absurd. Jewels should be worn only when genuine. Refinement in dress. A lady of delicacy will be found ever delicately and modestly attired. Cheap silk has the nearest appearance of any cheap goods. Silk is a luxury, and should be of good quality.

One of the most beautiful and useful of summer fabrics is a fine quality of linen lawn, and it has always the advantage of washing well. It is as great an affection for a young person to assume the dress of middle age, as it is for an elderly person to wear dress becoming and appropriate for a miss of sixteen. A certain gaiety and brightness of attire is as suitable for youth as sober colors and quiet styles are for the more advanced in life.

## Mark Twain on the Nuisances that Infest Railroad Trains.

And there were the peddlers. I bought out the popcorn boy to get rid of him, because I was trying to compose a poem about a young lady's album, and did not want to be disturbed. But he came right back with a stock of peanuts. I took a few and buried him away, and he returned with some ice cream candy. I don't like ice cream candy and peanuts together, but I invested at once, because an inspired rhyme had been born to me, and I wanted to set it down before it slipped my mind. Then the scoundrel came back to me with tobacco and cigars, and afterward with oranges, imitation ivory baby whistles, fig paste and apples. Then he went away and was gone some time, and I was encouraged to hope the train had run over him. He was only keeping his most malignant outrage to the last. He was getting his literature ready.

And from that time forward that degraded youth did nothing but march from one car to another and afflict the passengers with specimens of the vilest blood-and-thunder romances on earth. "The Perjured's Doom" and "The Desperado's Revenge" were some of his milder works, and on their backs were pictures of stabbing affrays and duels, and people shooting other people over precipices, and wretched wood cuts of women being rescued from terrible perils of all kinds, and they are always women who are so criminally lonely that any right-minded man would take a placid satisfaction in seeing them suffer sudden and violent death. But that peddler boy peddled these atrocious books right along for hours together, and I gave up my poem at last, and devoted all my energies to driving him away, and trying to say things that would make him unhappy.

[From Harper's Bazar.]

## A Fragrant Topic—Some Powders, Perfumes, and Flavorings.

A charming recipe for scented powder, to be used for wardrobes, boxes, etc., far finer than the mixture sold at the shops, is the following: Coriander,orris root, rose leaves, and aromatic calamus, each one ounce; lavender flowers, two ounces; clovebuds wood, one fourth of a drachm; musk, five grains. These are mixed and reduced to a coarse powder. The scent on clothes is as if all fragrant garden flowers had been pressed in their folds.

A perfume for note paper, said to be that used by the Queen of England, is made of powdered starch, one-half ounce; fresh orris powder, the same; otto of rose, ten drops. Put this into bags, and keep in the writing desk with paper.

All delicious flavors may be improvised by keeping the delicate substance in deodorized alcohol. How deodorized? By filtering through animal charcoal or bone black in powder. The black may be used many times over, by a thick flannel bag, with wire at the top, will answer for the filter. Fill it with black dust and pour the alcohol in it, leaving it to settle through.

Have wide-mouthed bottles, with glass stoppers ready, and fill with alcohol; then fill powdered orange or lemon peel, peach leaves, almonds, slices of pine-apple, raspberries or fresh cherries, and the housewife will have a finer assortment of flavors than any manufacturer will furnish her. If she wishes, however, flavors which are out of reach, it is best to use compounds of which she is not ignorant.

Banana may be imitated with oil of jasmine and a very little tartaric acid.

Strawberry, with a strong tincture of orris, and a very little ascorbic ether—one ounce of the tincture and one eighth of ether.

Strong tincture of orris root resembles raspberry.

Pine-apple is made with butyric ether, the acid itself coming from the transformation of rancid butter by chemical process.

Very little of these preparations is needed to give the desired flavor. Four ounces of the tincture mentioned will supply flavor enough for constant use during the whole summer.

## DIRECTORY.

## STATE OFFICERS.

Governor—PRESTON H. LESLIE.  
Secretary of State—A. J. JAMES.  
Assistant Secretary of State—W. H. BOTTS.  
Attorney General—JOHN RODMAN.  
Auditor—D. HOWARD SMITH.  
Treasurer—JAMES W. TATE.  
Register—J. A. GRANT.  
Superintendent Public Instruction—H. A. M. HENKESON.

Adjutant General—JAMES A. DAWSON.  
Quartermaster General—FAYETTE HEWITT.  
Insurance Commissioner—GUSTAVUS W. SMITH.  
Assistant Insurance Commissioner—HENRY T. STANTON.

Librarian—GEORGE B. CRITTENDEN.  
Keeper of Penitentiary—J. W. SOUTH.  
Public Printer—S. I. M. MAJOR.  
Public Binder—JOHN MARTIN, JR.

## COURT OF APPEALS.

Chief Justice—W. S. PRYOR.  
Associate Judges—M. R. HARDIN, D. J. PETERS, and Wm. LINDSEY.  
Reporter—W. P. D. BUSH.  
Clerk—ALVIN DUTALL.

## CITY DIRECTORY.

Mayor—R. H. TAYLOR, JR.  
Police Judge—JOHN B. MAJOR.  
Clerk—S. C. SAYRES.  
Attorney—JOHN W. RODMAN.  
Treasurer—J. R. GRAHAM.  
Marshal—H. HYDE.  
Board Common Councilmen—E. H. TAYLOR, JR., A. G. BUCKNER, JAS. G. DUDLEY, B. F. MEKE, A. J. JAMES, W. P. D. BUSH, L. TOBIN, M. H. P. WILLIAMS.  
Board School Trustees—G. C. DRANE, D. L. HALL, J. G. HATCHETT.

## FRANKLIN CIRCUIT COURT.

Judge—G. C. DRANE.  
Commonwealth's Attorney—J. D. LILLARD.  
Clerk—WALTER FRANKLIN.  
Sheriff—JOSEPH ROBINSON.  
Jailer—ROBERT W. LAWLER.  
Assessor—PETER JETT.  
Coroner—J. R. GRAHAM.  
Court convenes Third Monday in February and last Monday in August. Chancery Term—Fourth Monday in June. Fiscal Term—Last Monday in January.

## FRANKLIN COUNTY COURT.

Presiding Judge—R. A. THOMSON.  
Clerk—JAMES G. CROCKETT.  
County Attorney—IRA JULIAN.  
Court convenes first Monday in each month.  
Franklin County Quarterley Court—Holds its Term on the second Monday in January, April, July, and October.

## JUSTICES' COURTS.

First District, Geo. W. Gwin—Second Monday in March, June, September, and December. Philip Swigert—First Saturday in March, June, September, and December. F. D. Reddish, Constable.  
Second District, B. F. Head—Fourth Saturday in March, June, September, and December. G. C. Hughes—On Saturday after the First Monday in March, June, September, and December. James Hughes, Constable.  
Third District, William Morris—On First Saturday after second Monday in March, June, September, and December. Milton Wigginton—On Thursday after second Monday in March, June, September, and December. Flournoy Satterwhite, Constable.  
Fourth District—U. V. Williams and John W. Jackson—Both on First Saturday in March, June, September, and December. G. B. Harrod, Constable.  
Fifth District, Joseph Harrod—Fourth Friday in March, June, September, and December. Nelson Moore—On Third Friday in March, June, September, and December. George Harrod, Constable.

## CHURCH DIRECTORY.

M. E. Church, South—Rev. T. J. Dool, Pastor. Sunday services—11 A. M.; 7 P. M. Class Meeting immediately after morning service.  
Sunday School—2½ P. M.  
Prayer meeting—Thursday, 7 P. M.  
Church meeting—Fourth Sunday, 9½ A. M.  
Sewards' meetings—Monday, 7 P. M.  
Sunday School Teachers' meeting—Wednesday 7 P. M.  
PRESBYTERIAN Church—Rev. J. H. NESBITT, Pastor. Sunday services—11 A. M.; 7 P. M. Sunday school—2 P. M. Prayer meeting—Friday, 7 P. M.  
CHRISTIAN Church—Eld. T. N. ARNOLD, Pastor. Sunday services—11 A. M.; 7 P. M. Sunday school—9 A. M. Prayer meeting—Wednesday, 7 P. M.  
CATHOLIC Church—Rev. L. YOUNG, Pastor. Sunday services—8 A. M.; 10½ A. M. Divine service every morning at 7.  
ASCENSION Church (P. E.)—Rev. L. C. LANCE, Rector. Sunday services—11 A. M.; 7 P. M. Sunday School—9½ A. M. Divine service—Friday, 4 P. M.  
BAPTIST Church—Rev. L. W. SKELEY, D. D. Pastor. Sunday service—11 A. M.; 7 P. M. Sunday School—9 A. M. Prayer meeting—Wednesday, 7 P. M.

## FOR SALE, A LARGE &amp; SPLENDID FARM, AND EXTENSIVE AND VARIOUS PERSONAL PROPERTY.

HEALTH REQUIRING ME TO WINTER in Florida, I will sell the Farm on which I reside, containing over seven hundred and eighty acres, situated in Franklin and Woodford Counties, Ky., five miles from Frankfort, on the Railroad to Lexington, and the Turnpike to Versailles, and I can confidently say there is no better farm in Kentucky, all things considered.

The Location is beautiful, convenient, and healthy. The Buildings are elegant, spacious, substantial, and for all appropriate purposes; the Farm being supplied with three other comfortable dwellings and suitable buildings, besides the principal residence.

The Soil was naturally good, and has been kept in a high state of fertility, and is now ready to yield the heaviest crops of hemp, grains, and grasses.

The Water is of all kinds, abundant, and convenient for domestic, stock, and ornamental uses.

The Fencing is of durable materials of various kinds, is in good condition, with timber and brush for fuel supply.

Society is excellent; and religious, educational, and social conveniences abundant and varied.

A Division of the Farm into four parts can be judiciously effected, so that each will have its appropriate dwelling and other buildings; and I will sell separately that part on the north side of the railroad, having superior soil, water, timber, roads, and two sets of buildings, all in good condition.

The Terms will be made easy, after a cash payment of one half of the purchase money at the time of giving possession in October next.

Purchasers are invited to inspect the premises in person, or apply by mail for full description.

An Auction Sale will be held on the premises on the 5th of September next, consisting of Durham Cattle, "Improved Kentucky" Sheep, Cashmere Goats, Fattening Hogs, Farm and Saddle Horses, Crops on hand, and Implements of all kinds, which will be duly advertised.

ROBERT W. SCOTT, FRANKFORT, KY., July 1st, 1871.-if

JAMES A. CLARK, HENRY W. CLARK

JAMES A. CLARK & SON, TAILORS,

791 Broadway, opposite Grace Church, mar 1 6 NEW YORK.

## TRAVEL.

## Kentucky Central R. R.

GENERAL TICKET OFFICE, COVINGTON, KY., Nov. 20th, 1869.

ON AND AFTER WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 1st, Passenger Trains will run as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1. No. 2. No. 3. No. 4. No. 5. No. 6. No. 7. No. 8. No. 9. No. 10. No. 11. No. 12.

Leave Covington... 7:55 a. m. 1:30 p. m. 4:30 p. m. 7:30 p. m. 10:30 p. m.

Arrive Falmouth... 9:45 a. m. 3:15 p. m. 6:15 p. m. 9:15 p. m. 12:15 p. m.

do Lexington... 10:55 a. m. 4:25 p. m. 7:25 p. m. 10:25 p. m. 1:25 p. m.

do Paris... 11:49 a. m. 5:10 p. m. 8:10 p. m. 11:10 p. m. 2:10 p. m.

do Lexington... 12:35 p. m. 6:05 p. m. 9:05 p. m. 12:05 p. m. 3:05 p. m.

Leave Lexington... 12:45 p. m. 6:15 p. m. 9:15 p. m. 12:15 p. m. 3:15 p. m.

Arrive Nicholasville... 1:35 p. m. 5:05 p. m. 8:05 p. m. 11:05 p. m. 4:05 p. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 4. No. 5. No. 12. No. 11. No. 10. No. 9. No. 8. No. 7. No. 6. No. 5. No. 4. No. 3. No. 2. No. 1.

Leave Nicholasville... 4:50 a. m. 8:20 p. m. 11:20 p. m. 2:20 p. m. 5:20 p. m.

Arrive Lexington... 5:45 a. m. 9:15 p. m. 12:15 p. m. 3:15 p. m. 6:15 p. m.

Leave Lexington... 7:00 a. m. 10:30 p. m. 1:30 p. m. 4:30 p. m. 7:30 p. m.

Arrive Paris... 7:50 a. m. 11:20 p. m. 2:20 p. m. 5:20 p. m. 8:20 p. m.

do Lexington... 8:50 a. m. 12:20 p. m. 3:20 p. m. 6:20 p. m. 9:20 p. m.

do Falmouth... 9:48 a. m. 1:18 p. m. 4:18 p. m. 7:18 p. m. 10:18 p. m.

do Covington... 11:40 a. m. 3:10 p. m. 6:10 p. m. 9:10 p. m. 12:10 p. m.

Leave Falmouth... 7:00 a. m. 10:30 p. m. 1:30 p. m. 4:30 p. m. 7:30 p. m.

Arrive Covington... 7:50 a. m. 11:20 p. m. 2:20 p. m. 5:20 p. m. 8:20 p. m.

Close connections at Lexington with all trains to and from Frankfort and Louisville.

Trains are run by Cincinnati time.

All Trains run daily, Sundays excepted.

H. P. RANSOM, Agent.

## JOHN R. GRAHAM,

St Clair St., Frankfort, Ky.

DEALER IN

Metallic Burial Cases and Cases, and Wooden Coffins, and Coffin Furnishing Materials.

I HAVE, AND WILL CONTINUE TO KEEP the largest and best selected stock of

METALLIC BURIAL CASES AND CASES.

Ever offered in this City. Also any style of Wood or Coffin, ready made, or furnished to order and delivered.

Good Horses and Careful Drivers in Attendance on or out of the City at any Hour.

Individuals or families can feel assured that all orders entrusted to me will be carefully and promptly attended to.

Special inducements are offered to

UNDERTAKERS.

In or out of the city either for Cases, Coffins, or Trimmings, dectd 7

## INSURANCE.

## FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE

IN THE FOLLOWING FIRST-CLASS COMPANIES:

LIVERPOOL, LONDON, AND GLOBE.

HOME OF CONNECTICUT.

SOUTHERN MUTUAL LIFE OF KENTUCKY.

JAS. A. DAWSON, Agent, Frankfort.

## MOUND CITY MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.

OF ST. LOUIS, MO.

JAMES J. O'FALLON, President.

A. M. BRITTON, Vice President.

A. H. BUCKNER, Secretary.

S. W. LOMAX, Assistant Secretary.

C. G. McHATTON, General Agent.

W. E. HARVEY, Consulting Actuary.

WM HATCH, Medical Officer.

BRANCH BOARD OF TRUSTEES, LOUISVILLE, KY.

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ROBERT J. ELLIOTT, Trustee.

WILLIAM JOHNSTON, Trustee.

All Policies non-forfeitable after payment of one annual premium.

Nett proceeds of business in this State to be invested in this State, under advice of Branch Board of Trustees.

J. A. GRANT, Agent for Franklin County.

Dr. W. B. RODMAN, Medical Examiner.

## SPRING &amp; SUMMER GOODS

N. HEFFNER, MERCHANT TAILOR,

At his New Store, on Main Street,

FRANKFORT, KY.

HAS JUST OPENED A HANDSOME

Stock of Spring and Summer Goods, such as

of Cloth, Cassimeres, and Vestings, as choice as is to be found in the New York market, which he will make up in the most approved style. His stock has been purchased exclusively for cash, and he flatters himself that his prices will satisfy those who may give him a call. Don't forget the place.

decs-1f NELSON HEFFNER.

## ICE! ICE! ICE!

ICE! ICE! ICE!

ICE! ICE! ICE!

ICE! ICE! ICE!

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ICE! ICE! ICE!

## OFFICIAL.

## Proclamation by the Governor.

\$500 REWARD.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

WHEREAS, IT HAS BEEN MADE KNOWN to me that JOHN GUNSTOLTA killed L. W. DAVIS, a fugitive from justice, going at large,

Now, therefore, I, PRESTON H. LESLIE, Acting Governor of the Commonwealth aforesaid, do hereby offer a reward of FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS for the apprehension of said Gunstolta, and his delivery to the Jailor of Fayette county.

In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, the 17th day of July, A. D. 1871, and in the 80th year of the Commonwealth.

L. S.

By the Governor: SAMUEL B. CHURCHILL, Secretary of State.

DESCRIPTION.

About 6 feet high; weighs about 150 pounds; light complexion; light hair; blue eyes; light mustache; a woman named Sarah Warren with him when he left, to whom he claimed to have been married, July 28th.

Proclamation by the Governor

\$500 REWARD.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

WHEREAS, IT HAS BEEN MADE KNOWN to me that FILLDEN COX stands indicted in Wolfe Circuit Court for the murder of James Spencer, on the 21st of May 1871, and is now a fugitive from justice, going at large,

Now, therefore, I, PRESTON H. LESLIE, Acting Governor of the Commonwealth aforesaid, do hereby offer a reward of FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS for the apprehension of said Fillden Cox, and his delivery to the Jailor of Fayette county.

In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, the 10th day of July, A. D. 1871, and in the 80th year of the Commonwealth.

L. S.

By the Governor: S. B. CHURCHILL, Secretary of State.

DESCRIPTION.

Cox is about 30 years old; light hair; about 5 feet 8 inches high; heavy set; a short red face; an blunt nose; and weighs about 175 pounds, July 28th.

Proclamation by the Governor

\$300 REWARD.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

WHEREAS, IT HAS BEEN MADE KNOWN to me that WILLIAM WOODRUFF stands indicted in the Casey Circuit Court for the murder of William Williams, 14th August, 1870, and is now a fugitive from justice, going at large,

Now, therefore, I, PRESTON H. LESLIE, Acting Governor of the Commonwealth aforesaid, do hereby offer a reward of THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS for the apprehension of said Wm Woodruff, and his delivery to the Jailor of Casey county.

In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, the 5th day of July, A. D. 1871, and in the 80th year of the Commonwealth.

L. S.

By the Governor: S. B. CHURCHILL, Secretary of State.

DESCRIPTION.

3 feet 7 inches high; weighs about 140 pounds; dark hair and eyes; 27 or 28 years old. July 3rd.